answer choices that contain Key Terms make very good guesses on questions for which you don't know the answer. Each word on the Key Terms List is followed by the part of speech and a brief definition for the word. Some of the words on this list may have other definitions as well, but the definitions we have given are the ones most likely to appear on the GRE.

We've broken the Key Terms List down into four groups of about 75 words each. Don't try to learn all four groups of words at once—work with one list at a time. Write the words and their definitions down in a notebook or on flash cards. It is very important to write them down yourself, because this will help you remember them. Just glancing through the lists printed in this book won't be nearly as effective. Before doing the exercises for each group, spend some time studying and learning the words first. Then use the exercises as a way to test yourself. Answers for the matching exercises appear in Part V of this book.

Key Terms Group 1

disabuse (verb)

discordant (adj.)

disparate (adj.)

eloquent (adj.)

effrontery (noun)

Key Tellis Gloup I		
abscond (verb)	to depart clandestinely; to steal off and hide	
aberrant (adj.)	deviating from the norm (noun form: aberration)	
alacrity (noun)	eager and enthusiastic willingness	
anomaly (noun)	deviation from the normal order, form, or rule; abnormality (adj. form: <i>anomalous</i>)	
approbation (noun)	an expression of approval or praise	
arduous (adj.)	strenuous, taxing; requiring significant effort	
assuage (verb)	to ease or lessen; to appease or pacify	
audacious (adj.)	daring and fearless; recklessly bold (noun form: audacity)	
austere (adj.)	without adornment; bare; severely simple; ascetic (noun form: <i>austerity</i>)	
axiomatic (adj.)	taken as a given; possessing self-evident truth (noun form: <i>axiom</i>)	
canonical (adj.)	following or in agreement with accepted, traditional standards (noun form: <i>canon</i>)	
capricious (adj.)	inclined to change one's mind impulsively; erratic, unpredictable	
censure (verb)	to criticize severely; to officially rebuke	
chicanery (noun)	trickery or subterfuge	
connoisseur (noun)	an informed and astute judge in matters of taste; expert	
convoluted (adj.)	complex or complicated	

to undeceive; to set right

conflicting; dissonant or harsh in sound

fundamentally distinct or dissimilar

extreme boldness; presumptuousness

well-spoken, expressive, articulate (noun form: *eloquence*)

enervate (verb) to weaken; to reduce in vitality ennui (noun) dissatisfaction and restlessness resulting from boredom or apathy equivocate (verb) to use ambiguous language with a deceptive intent (adj. form: equivocal) very learned; scholarly (noun form: erudition) **erudite** (adj.) exculpate (verb) exonerate; to clear of blame exigent (adj.) urgent, pressing; requiring immediate action or attention improvised; done without preparation **extemporaneous** (adj.) **filibuster** (noun) intentional obstruction, esp. using prolonged speechmaking to delay legislative action to loudly attack or denounce **fulminate** (verb) artless; frank and candid; lacking in sophistication ingenuous (adj.) **inured** (adj.) accustomed to accepting something undesirable **irascible** (adj.) easily angered; prone to temperamental outbursts to praise highly (adj. form: laudatory) laud (verb) clear; easily understood **lucid** (adj.) the quality of being generously noble in mind and heart, esp. in magnanimity (noun) forgiving (adj. form: *magnanimous*) associated with war and the armed forces **martial** (adj.) mundane (adj.) of the world; typical of or concerned with the ordinary nascent (adj.) coming into being; in early developmental stages vague; cloudy; lacking clearly defined form **nebulous** (adj.) **neologism** (noun) a new word, expression, or usage; the creation or use of new words or senses **noxious** (adj.) harmful, injurious lacking sharpness of intellect; not clear or precise in thought or **obtuse** (adj.) expression **obviate** (verb) to anticipate and make unnecessary troubling; burdensome **onerous** (adj.) a song or hymn of praise and thanksgiving paean (noun) parody (noun) a humorous imitation intended for ridicule or comic effect, esp. in literature and art **perennial** (adj.) recurrent through the year or many years; happening repeatedly intentional breach of faith; treachery (adj. form: *perfidious*) **perfidy** (noun) **perfunctory** (adj.) cursory; done without care or interest perspicacious (adj.) acutely perceptive; having keen discernment (noun form: perspicacity)

prattle (verb)	to babble meaninglessly; to talk in an empty and idle manner	
precipitate (adj.)	acting with excessive haste or impulse	
precipitate (verb)	to cause or happen before anticipated or required	
predilection (noun)	a disposition in favor of something; preference	
prescience (noun)	foreknowledge of events; knowing of events prior to their occurring (adj. form: <i>prescient</i>)	
prevaricate (verb)	to deliberately avoid the truth; to mislead	
qualms (noun)	misgivings; reservations; causes for hesitancy	
recant (verb)	to retract, esp. a previously held belief	
refute (verb)	to disprove; to successfully argue against	
relegate (verb)	to forcibly assign, esp. to a lower place or position	
reticent (adj.)	quiet; reserved; reluctant to express thoughts and feelings	
solicitous (adj.)	concerned and attentive; eager	
sordid (adj.)	characterized by filth, grime, or squalor; foul	
sporadic (adj.)	occurring only occasionally, or in scattered instances	
squander (verb)	to waste by spending or using irresponsibly	
static (adj.)	not moving, active, or in motion; at rest	
stupefy (verb)	to stun, baffle, or amaze	
stymie (verb)	to block; to thwart	
synthesis (noun)	the combination of parts to make a whole (verb form: synthesize)	
torque (noun)	a force that causes rotation	
tortuous (adj.)	winding, twisting; excessively complicated	
truculent (adj.)	fierce and cruel; eager to fight	
veracity (noun)	truthfulness, honesty	
virulent (adj.)	extremely harmful or poisonous; bitterly hostile or antagonistic	
voracious (adj.)	having an insatiable appetite for an activity or pursuit; ravenous	
waver (verb)	to move to and fro; to sway; to be unsettled in opinion	
Group 1 Exercises		
Match the following words to their o	definitions. Answers can be found in Part V.	

- improvised; without preparation 1.
- a newly coined word or expression 2.
- a song of joy and praise 3.
- to praise highly 4.
- 5. truthfulness; honesty

- A. veracity
- В. recant
- C. extemporaneous
- D. stymie
- E. paean

F. lucid artless; frank and candid 7. associated with war and the military G. laud 8. to retract a belief or statement H. onerous cursory; done without care or interest 9. I. tortuous troubling; burdensome J. 10. neologism to criticize; to officially rebuke K. 11. martial winding; twisting; complicated 12. L. ingenuous 13. to block; to thwart M. censure

N.

rustic and pastoral; characteristic of rural areas and their inhabitants

perfunctory



Hold Up and Break
Did you just tackle Hit
Parade Group 1? Before
you jump into Group 2,
give yourself a break. Take
a walk, get some air, eat
a snack. Let the Group 1
words sink in before you
dive into Group 2.

Key Terms Group 2

burgeon (verb)

bucolic (adj.)

clear; easily understood

14.

abate (verb)	to lessen in intensity or degree	
accolade (noun)	an expression of praise	
adulation (noun)	excessive praise; intense adoration	
aesthetic (adj.)	dealing with, appreciative of, or responsive to art or the beautiful	
ameliorate (verb)	to make better or more tolerable	
ascetic (noun)	one who practices rigid self-denial, esp. as an act of religious devotion	
avarice (noun)	greed, esp. for wealth (adj. form: avaricious)	
axiom (noun)	a universally recognized principle (adj. form: axiomatic)	

cacophony (noun)harsh, jarring, discordant sound; dissonance (adj. form:
cacophonous)canon (noun)an established set of principles or code of laws, often religious in
nature (adj. form: canonical)castigation (noun)severe criticism or punishment (verb form: castigate)

to grow rapidly or flourish

catalyst (noun) a substance that accelerates the rate of a chemical reaction without

itself changing; a person or thing that causes change caustic (adj.) burning or stinging; causing corrosion **chary** (adj.) wary; cautious; sparing appealing forcibly to the mind or reason; convincing **cogent** (adj.) complaisance (noun) the willingness to comply with the wishes of others (adj. form: complaisant) **contentious** (adj.) argumentative; quarrelsome; causing controversy or disagreement regretful; penitent; seeking forgiveness (noun form: *contrition*) **contrite** (adj.) deserving blame (noun form: *culpability*) **culpable** (adj.) smallness of quantity or number; scarcity; a lack **dearth** (noun) **demur** (verb) to question or oppose didactic (adj.) intended to teach or instruct discretion (noun) cautious reserve in speech; ability to make responsible decisions (adj. form: discreet) free of bias or self-interest; impartial **disinterested** (adj.) dogmatic (adj.) expressing a rigid opinion based on unproved or improvable principles (noun form: dogma) the quality of lively or enthusiastic expression of thoughts and **ebullience** (noun) feelings (adj. form: *ebullient*) eclectic (adj.) composed of elements drawn from various sources a mournful poem, esp. one lamenting the dead (adj. form: *elegiac*) elegy (noun) emollient (adj.)/(noun) soothing, esp. to the skin; making less harsh; mollifying; an agent that softens or smoothes the skin based on observation or experiment **empirical** (adj.) mysterious; obscure; difficult to understand (noun form: enigma) enigmatic (adj.) brief; fleeting **ephemeral** (adj.) esoteric (adj.) intended for or understood by a small, specific group a speech honoring the dead (verb form: *eulogize*) eulogy (noun) exonerate (verb) to remove blame facetious (adj.) playful; humorous fallacy (noun) an invalid or incorrect notion; a mistaken belief (adj. form: fallacious) **furtive** (adj.) marked by stealth; covert; surreptitious sociable; outgoing; enjoying the company of other people gregarious (adj.) **harangue** (verb)/(noun) to deliver a forceful or angry speech; ranting speech or writing. heretical (adj.) violating accepted dogma or convention (noun form: heresy)

hyperbole (noun)	an exaggerated statement, often used as a figure of speech (adj. form: <i>hyperbolic</i>)	
impecunious (adj.)	lacking funds; without money	
incipient (adj.)	beginning to come into being or to become apparent	
inert (adj.)	unmoving; lethargic; sluggish	
innocuous (adj.)	harmless; causing no damage	
intransigent (adj.)	refusing to compromise (noun form: intransigence)	
inveigle (verb)	to obtain by deception or flattery	
morose (adj.)	sad; sullen; melancholy	
odious (adj.)	evoking intense aversion or dislike	
opaque (adj.)	impenetrable by light; not reflecting light	
oscillation (noun)	the act or state of swinging back and forth with a steady, uninterrupted rhythm (verb form: <i>oscillate</i>)	
penurious (adj.)	penny-pinching; excessively thrifty; ungenerous	
pernicious (adj.)	extremely harmful in a way that is not easily seen or noticed	
peruse (verb)	to examine with great care (noun form: perusal)	
pious (adj.)	extremely reverent or devout; showing strong religious devotion (noun form: <i>piety</i>)	
precursor (noun)	one that precedes and indicates or announces another	
preen (verb)	to dress up; to primp; to groom oneself with elaborate care	
prodigious (adj.)	abundant in size, force, or extent; extraordinary	
prolific (adj.)	producing large volumes or amounts; productive	
<pre>putrefy (verb)</pre>	to rot; to decay and give off a foul odor (adj. form: <i>putrid</i>)	
quaff (verb)	to drink deeply	
quiescence (noun)	stillness; motionlessness; quality of being at rest (adj. form: <i>quiescent</i>)	
redoubtable (adj.)	awe-inspiring; worthy of honor	
sanction (noun)/(verb)	authoritative permission or approval; a penalty intended to enforce compliance; to give permission or authority	
satire (noun)	a literary work that ridicules or criticizes a human vice through humor or derision (adj. form: <i>satirical</i>)	
squalid (adj.)	sordid; wretched and dirty as from neglect (noun form: <i>squalor</i>)	
stoic (adj.)	indifferent to or unaffected by pleasure or pain; steadfast (noun form: <i>stoicism</i>)	
supplant (verb)	to take the place of; to supersede	
torpid (adj.)	lethargic; sluggish; dormant (noun form: torpor)	
ubiquitous (adj.)	existing everywhere at the same time; constantly encountered;	

widespread

urbane (adj.) sophisticated; refined; elegant (noun form: *urbanity*)

vilify (verb) to defame; to characterize harshly

viscous (adj.) thick; sticky (noun form: *viscosity*)

Group 2 Exercises

Match the following words to their definitions. Answers can be found in Part V.

1.	brief; fleeting	A.	pernicious
2.	a forceful or angry speech	B.	ephemeral
3.	arousing strong dislike or aversion	C.	avarice
4.	to free from blame or responsibility	D.	quaff
5.	arousing fear or awe; worthy of honor; formidable	E.	caustic
6.	unexpectedly harmful	F.	odious
7.	to drink deeply	G.	dearth
8.	stinging; corrosive; sarcastic; biting	Н.	inert
9.	impressively great in size, force, or extent; enormous	I.	disinterested
10.	greed; hunger for money	J.	exonerate
11.	unmoving; lethargic	K.	inveigle
12.	impartial; unbiased	L.	prodigious

M.

N.

harangue

redoubtable



How did you do in
Group 2? Take a moment
to relax and let your mind
rest before diving into
Group 3. Remember to do
this between each group
of words so you don't
overload your brain!

Key Terms Group 3

lack; scarcity

13.

14.

acumen (noun) keen, accurate judgment or insight

to win over by deception, coaxing or flattery

adulterate (verb) to reduce purity by combining with inferior ingredients

amalgamate (verb) to combine several elements into a whole (noun form:

amalgamation)

archaic (adj.)	outdated; associated with an earlier, perhaps more primitive, time	
aver (verb)	to state as a fact; to declare or assert	
bolster (verb)	to provide support or reinforcement	
bombastic (adj.)	pompous; grandiloquent (noun form: bombast)	
diatribe (noun)	a harsh denunciation	
dissemble (verb)	to disguise or conceal; to mislead	
eccentric (adj.)	departing from norms or conventions	
endemic (adj.)	characteristic of or often found in a particular locality, region, or people	
evanescent (adj.)	tending to disappear like vapor; vanishing	
exacerbate (verb)	to make worse or more severe	
fervent (adj.)	greatly emotional or zealous (noun form: fervor)	
fortuitous (adj.)	happening by accident or chance	
germane (adj.)	relevant to the subject at hand; appropriate in subject matter	
grandiloquence (noun)	pompous speech or expression (adj. form: <i>grandiloquent</i>)	
hackneyed (adj.)	rendered trite or commonplace by frequent usage	
halcyon (adj.)	calm and peaceful	
he donism (noun)	devotion to pleasurable pursuits, esp. to the pleasures of the senses (a <i>hedonist</i> is someone who pursues pleasure)	
hegemony (noun)	the consistent dominance of one state or group over others	
iconoclast (noun)	one who attacks or undermines traditional conventions or institutions	
idolatrous (adj.)	given to intense or excessive devotion to something (noun form: <i>idolatry</i>)	
impassive (adj.)	revealing no emotion	
imperturbable (adj.)	marked by extreme calm, impassivity, and steadiness	
implacable (adj.)	not capable of being appeased or significantly changed	
impunity (noun)	immunity from punishment or penalty	
inchoate (adj.)	in an initial stage; not fully formed	
infelicitous (adj.)	unfortunate; inappropriate	
insipid (adj.)	lacking in qualities that interest, stimulate, or challenge	
loquacious (adj.)	extremely talkative (noun form: <i>loquacity</i>)	
luminous (adj.)	characterized by brightness and the emission of light	
malevolent (adj.)	having or showing often vicious ill will, spite, or hatred (noun form: <i>malevolence</i>)	
malleable (adj.)	capable of being shaped or formed; tractable; pliable	
mendacity (noun)	the condition of being untruthful; dishonesty (adj. form: <i>mendacious</i>)	

meticulous (adj.)	characterized by extreme care and precision; attentive to detail	
misanthrope (noun)	one who hates all other humans (adj. form: <i>misanthropic</i>)	
• , ,		
mitigate (verb)	to make or become less severe or intense; to moderate	
obdurate (adj.)	unyielding; hardhearted; intractable	
obsequious (adj.)	exhibiting a fawning attentiveness	
occlude (verb)	to obstruct or block	
opprobrium (noun)	disgrace; contempt; scorn	
pedagogy (noun)	the profession or principles of teaching, or instructing	
pedantic (adj.)	overly concerned with the trivial details of learning or education; show-offish about one's knowledge	
penury (noun)	poverty; destitution	
pervasive (adj.)	having the tendency to permeate or spread throughout	
pine (verb)	to yearn intensely; to languish; to lose vigor	
pirate (verb)	to illegally use or reproduce	
pith (noun)	the essential or central part	
pithy (adj.)	precise and brief	
placate (verb)	to appease; to calm by making concessions	
platitude (noun)	a superficial remark, esp. one offered as meaningful	
plummet (verb)	to plunge or drop straight down	
polemical (adj.)	controversial; argumentative	
prodigal (adj.)	recklessly wasteful; extravagant; profuse; lavish	
<pre>profuse (adj.)</pre>	given or coming forth abundantly; extravagant	
proliferate (verb)	to grow or increase swiftly and abundantly	
queries (noun)	questions; inquiries; doubts in the mind; reservations	
querulous (adj.)	prone to complaining or grumbling; peevish	
rancorous (adj.)	characterized by bitter, long-lasting resentment (noun form: rancor)	
recalcitrant (adj.)	obstinately defiant of authority; difficult to manage	
repudiate (verb)	to refuse to have anything to do with; to disown	
rescind (verb)	to invalidate; to repeal; to retract	
reverent (adj.)	marked by, feeling, or expressing a feeling of profound awe and respect (noun form: <i>reverence</i>)	
rhetoric (noun)	the art or study of effective use of language for communication and persuasion	
salubrious (adj.)	promoting health or well-being	
solvent (adj.)	able to meet financial obligations; able to dissolve another substance	

specious (adj.) seeming true, but actually being fallacious; misleadingly attractive; plausible but false spurious (adj.) lacking authenticity or validity; false; counterfeit subpoena (noun) a court order requiring appearance and/or testimony succinct (adj.) brief; concise superfluous (adj.) exceeding what is sufficient or necessary surfeit (verb) an overabundant supply; excess; to feed or supply to excess (noun form: a *surfeit* of supplies) the quality of adherence or persistence to something valued; tenacity (noun) persistent determination (adj. form: tenacious) having little substance or strength; flimsy; weak

tenuous (adj.)

a long and extremely critical speech; a harsh denunciation tirade (noun)

fleeting; passing quickly; brief transient (adj.)

fervent; ardent; impassioned, devoted to a cause (a zealot is a zealous (adj.)

zealous person)

Group 3 Exercises

Match the following words to their definitions. Answers can be found in Part V.

1.	brief; concise; tersely cogent	A.	hegemony
2.	prone to complaining; whining	В.	aver
3.	fawning; ingratiating	C.	insipid
4.	marked by bitter, deep-seated resentment	D.	pithy
5.	controversial; argumentative	E.	placate
6.	dominance of one state or group over others	F.	prodigal
7.	uninteresting; tasteless; flat; dull	G.	querulous
8.	thin; flimsy; of little substance	Н.	surfeit
9.	excess; overindulgence	I.	rancorous
10.	wasteful; recklessly extravagant	J.	bombastic
11.	to appease; to pacify with concessions	K.	obsequious
12.	to assert; to declare; to allege; to state as fact	L.	evanescent
13.	pompous; grandiloquent	M.	polemical
14.	tending to vanish like vapor	N.	tenuous



Key Terms Group 4

acerbic (adj.) having a sour or bitter taste or character; sharp; biting

aggrandize (verb) to increase in intensity, power, influence, or prestige

alchemy (noun) a medieval science aimed at the transmutation of metals, esp. base

metals into gold (an *alchemist* is one who practices alchemy)

amenable (adj.) agreeable; responsive to suggestion

anachronism (noun) something or someone out of place in terms of historical or

chronological context

astringent (adj.) having a tightening effect on living tissue; harsh; severe; something

with a tightening effect on tissue

contiguous (adj.) sharing a border; touching; adjacent

convention (noun) a generally agreed-upon practice or attitude

credulous (adj.) tending to believe too readily; gullible (noun form: *credulity*)

cynicism (noun) an attitude or quality of belief that all people are motivated by

selfishness (adj. form: *cynical*)

decorum (noun) polite or appropriate conduct or behavior (adj. form: *decorous*)

derision (noun) scorn, ridicule, contemptuous treatment (adj. form: *derisive*; verb

form: deride)

desiccate (verb) to dry out or dehydrate; to make dry or dull

dilettante (noun) one with an amateurish or superficial interest in the arts or a branch

of knowledge

disparage (verb) to slight or belittle

divulge (verb) to disclose something secret

fawn (verb) to flatter or praise excessively

flout (verb) to show contempt for, as in a rule or convention

garrulous (adj.) pointlessly talkative; talking too much

glib (adj.) marked by ease or informality; nonchalant; lacking in depth;

superficial

hubris (noun) overbearing presumption or pride; arrogance

imminent (adj.) about to happen; impending

immutable (adj.) not capable of change

impetuous (adj.) hastily or rashly energetic; impulsive and vehement

indifferent (adj.)	having no interest or concern; showing no bias or prejudice	
inimical (adj.)	damaging; harmful; injurious	
intractable (adj.)	not easily managed or directed; stubborn; obstinate	
intrepid (adj.)	steadfast and courageous	
laconic (adj.)	using few words; terse	
maverick (noun)	an independent individual who does not go along with a group or party	
mercurial (adj.)	characterized by rapid and unpredictable change in mood	
mollify (verb)	to calm or soothe; to reduce in emotional intensity	
neophyte (noun)	a recent convert; a beginner; novice	
obfuscate (verb)	to deliberately obscure; to make confusing	
obstinate (adj.)	stubborn; hard-headed; uncompromising	
ostentatious (adj.)	characterized by or given to pretentious display; showy	
pervade (verb)	to permeate throughout (adj. form: pervasive)	
phlegmatic (adj.)	calm; sluggish; unemotional	
plethora (noun)	an overabundance; a surplus	
pragmatic (adj.)	practical rather than idealistic	
presumptuous (adj.)	overstepping due bounds (as of propriety or courtesy); taking liberties	
pristine (adj.)	pure; uncorrupted; clean	
probity (noun)	adherence to highest principles; complete and confirmed integrity; uprightness	
proclivity (noun)	a natural predisposition or inclination	
profligate (adj.)	excessively wasteful; recklessly extravagant (noun form: profligacy)	
propensity (noun)	a natural inclination or tendency; penchant	
prosaic (adj.)	dull; lacking in spirit or imagination	
pungent (adj.)	characterized by a strong, sharp smell or taste	
quixotic (adj.)	foolishly impractical; marked by lofty romantic ideals	
quotidian (adj.)	occurring or recurring daily; commonplace	
rarefy (verb)	to make or become thin, less dense; to refine	
recondite (adj.)	hidden; concealed; difficult to understand; obscure	
refulgent (adj.)	radiant; shiny; brilliant	
renege (verb)	to fail to honor a commitment; to go back on a promise	
sedulous (adj.)	diligent; persistent; hard-working	
shard (noun)	a piece of broken pottery or glass	
soporific (adj.)	causing drowsiness; tending to induce sleep	

sparse (adj.)	thin; not dense; arranged at widely spaced intervals	
spendthrift (noun)	one who spends money wastefully	
subtle (adj.)	not obvious; elusive; difficult to discern	
tacit (adj.)	implied; not explicitly stated	
terse (adj.)	brief and concise in wording	
tout (verb)	to publicly praise or promote	
trenchant (adj.)	sharply perceptive; keen; penetrating	
unfeigned (adj.)	genuine; not false or hypocritical	
untenable (adj.)	indefensible; not viable; uninhabitable	
vacillate (verb)	to waver indecisively between one course of action or opinion and another	
variegated (adj.)	multicolored; characterized by a variety of patches of different color	
vexation (noun)	annoyance; irritation (verb form: <i>vex</i>)	
vigilant (adj.)	alertly watchful (noun form: <i>vigilance</i>)	
vituperate (verb)	to use harsh condemnatory language; to abuse or censure severely or abusively; to berate	
volatile (adj.)	readily changing to a vapor; changeable; fickle; explosive (noun form: <i>volatility</i>)	

Group 4 Exercises

Match the following words to their definitions. Answers can be found in Part V.

1.	acid or biting; bitter in taste or tone	A.	anachronism
2.	sleep-inducing; causing drowsiness	В.	contiguous
3.	a surplus; an overabundance	C.	dilettante
4.	one with superficial interest in a subject	D.	intractable
5.	arrogance; overbearing pride	Ε.	prosaic
6.	sharing a border; touching; adjacent	F.	quixotic
7.	talking too much; rambling	G.	recondite
8.	something out of place in history or chronology	Н.	vituperate
9.	difficult to understand; obscure; hidden	I.	acerbic
10.	dull; unimaginative; ordinary	J.	garrulous
11.	unemotional; calm	K.	hubris
12.	stubborn; obstinate; difficult to manage or govern	L.	soporific
13.	condemn with harsh, abusive words; berate	M.	phlegmatic
14.	foolishly impractical; marked by lofty ideals	N.	plethora

BEYOND THE KEY TERMS LIST

So you've finished the Key Terms List and you're now the master of many more words than you were before. What to do next? Why, go *beyond the Key Terms List* of course! The Key Terms List was just the beginning. To maximize your score on the GRE you must be relentless in increasing your vocabulary. Don't let up. Keep learning words until the day you sit down for the exam. The following lists of extra words don't have exercises, so just keep working with your notebook or flash cards and get your friends to quiz you. You are a vocabulary machine!

Beyond the Key Terms Group 1

The following list contains some of those simple-sounding words with less common secondary meanings that ETS likes to test on the GRE.

alloy (verb) to commingle; to debase by mixing with something inferior;

unalloyed means pure

appropriate (verb) to take for one's own use; to confiscate

arrest, arresting (verb)/(adj.) to suspend; to engage; holding one's attention: as in arrested

adolescence, an arresting portrait

august (adj.) majestic, venerable

bent (noun) leaning, inclination, proclivity, tendency

broach (verb) to bring up; to announce; to begin to talk about

brook (verb) to tolerate; to endure; to countenance

cardinal (adj.)major, as in cardinal sinchauvinist (noun)a blindly devoted patriot

color (verb) to change as if by dyeing, i.e., to distort, gloss, or affect (usually the

first)

consequential (adj.) pompous, self-important (primary definitions are: logically

following; important)

damp (verb) to diminish the intensity or check the vibration of a sound

die (noun) a tool used for shaping, as in a tool-and-die shop

essay (verb) to test or try; to attempt; to experiment

exact (verb) to demand; to call for; to require; to take

fell (verb) to cause to fall by striking

fell (adj.) inhumanly cruel

flag (verb) to sag or droop; to become spiritless; to decline

flip (adj.) sarcastic, impertinent, as in flippant: a flip remark

ford (verb) to wade across the shallow part of a river or stream

grouse (verb) to complain or grumble guy (noun) a rope, cord, or cable attached to something as a brace or guide; to steady or reinforce using a guy: Think guide. (verb form: guyed, guying) **intimate** (verb) to imply, suggest, or insinuate **list** (verb) to tilt or lean to one side lumber (verb) to move heavily and clumsily fitting, proper **meet** (adj.) milk (verb) to exploit; to squeeze every last ounce of mince (verb) to pronounce or speak affectedly; to euphemize, to speak too carefully. Also, to take tiny steps; to tiptoe **nice** (adj.) exacting, fastidious, extremely precise **occult** (adj.) hidden, concealed, beyond comprehension **pedestrian** (adj.) commonplace, trite, unremarkable, quotidian pied (adj.) multicolored, usually in blotches pine (verb) to lose vigor (as through grief); to yearn plastic (adj.) moldable, pliable, not rigid courage, spunk, fortitude pluck (noun) prize (verb) to pry, to press or force with a lever; something taken by force, spoils rail (verb) to complain about bitterly torn (past tense of *rend*); an opening or tear caused by such **rent** (verb) quail (verb) to lose courage; to turn frightened qualify (verb) to limit sap (verb) to enervate or weaken the vitality of sap (noun) a fool or nitwit contemptible, despicable **scurvy** (adj.) singular (adj.) exceptional, unusual, odd stand (noun) a group of trees **steep** (verb) to saturate or completely soak, as in to let a tea bag steep the supporting structural cross-part of a wing strut (noun) to remove (as a parliamentary motion) from consideration **table** (verb) to proffer or offer tender (verb) to equivocate; to change one's position waffle (verb) wag (noun) wit, joker

Beyond the Key Terms Group 2

abjure (verb)	to renounce or reject solemnly; to recant; to avoid	
adumbrate (verb)	to foreshadow vaguely or intimate; to suggest or outline sketchily; to obscure or overshadow	
anathema (noun)	a solemn or ecclesiastical (religious) curse; accursed or thoroughly loathed person or thing	
anodyne (adj.)/(noun)	soothing; something that assuages or allays pain or comforts	
apogee (noun)	farthest or highest point; culmination; zenith	
apostate (noun)	one who abandons long-held religious or political convictions	
apotheosis (noun)	deification; glorification to godliness; an exalted example; a model of excellence or perfection	
asperity (noun)	severity, rigor; roughness, harshness; acrimony, irritability	
asseverate (verb)	to aver, allege, or assert	
assiduous (adj.)	diligent, hard-working, sedulous	
augury (noun)	omen, portent	
bellicose (adj.)	belligerent, pugnacious, warlike	
calumniate (verb)	to slander, to make a false accusation; <i>calumny</i> means slander, aspersion	
captious (adj.)	disposed to point out trivial faults; calculated to confuse or entrap in argument	
cavil (verb)	to find fault without good reason	
celerity (noun)	speed, alacrity; think accelerate	
chimera (noun)	an illusion; originally, an imaginary fire-breathing she-monster	
contumacious (adj.)	insubordinate, rebellious; contumely means insult, scorn, aspersion	
debacle (noun)	rout, fiasco, complete failure	
denouement (noun)	an outcome or solution; the unraveling of a plot	
descry (verb)	to catch sight of	
desuetude (noun)	disuse	
desultory (adj.)	random; aimless; marked by a lack of plan or purpose	
diaphanous (adj.)	transparent, gauzy	
diffident (adj.)	reserved, shy, unassuming; lacking in self- confidence	
dirge (noun)	a song of grief or lamentation	
encomium (noun)	glowing and enthusiastic praise; panegyric, tribute, eulogy	
eschew (verb)	to shun or avoid	
excoriate (verb)	to censure scathingly, to upbraid	

execrate (verb)	to denounce, to feel loathing for, to curse, to declare to be evil
exegesis (noun)	critical examination, explication
expiate (verb)	to atone or make amends for
extirpate (verb)	to destroy, to exterminate, to cut out, to exscind
fatuous (adj.)	silly, inanely foolish
fractious (adj.)	quarrelsome, rebellious, unruly, refractory, irritable
gainsay (verb)	to deny, to dispute, to contradict, to oppose
heterodox (adj.)	unorthodox, heretical, iconoclastic
imbroglio (noun)	difficult or embarrassing situation
indefatigable (adj.)	not easily exhaustible; tireless, dogged
ineluctable (adj.)	certain, inevitable
inimitable (adj.)	one of a kind, peerless
insouciant (adj.)	unconcerned, carefree, heedless
inveterate (adj.)	deep rooted, ingrained, habitual
jejune (adj.)	vapid, uninteresting, nugatory; childish, immature, puerile
lubricious (adj.)	lewd, wanton, greasy, slippery
mendicant (noun)	a beggar, supplicant
meretricious (adj.)	cheap, gaudy, tawdry, flashy, showy; attracting by false show
minatory (adj.)	menacing, threatening (reminds you of the Minotaur, a threatening creature indeed)
nadir (noun)	low point, perigee
nonplussed (adj.)	baffled, bewildered, at a loss for what to do or think
obstreperous (adj.)	noisily and stubbornly defiant, aggressively boisterous
ossified (adj.)	tending to become more rigid, conventional, sterile, and reactionary with age; literally, turned into bone
palliate (verb)	to make something seem less serious, to gloss over, to make less severe or intense
panegyric (noun)	formal praise, eulogy, encomium; <i>panegyrical</i> means expressing elaborate praise
parsimonious (adj.)	cheap, miserly
pellucid (adj.)	transparent, easy to understand, limpid
peroration (noun)	the concluding part of a speech; flowery, rhetorical speech
plangent (adj.)	pounding, thundering, resounding
prolix (adj.)	long-winded, verbose; <i>prolixity</i> means verbosity
propitiate (verb)	to appease; to conciliate; <i>propitious</i> means auspicious, favorable
puerile (adj.)	childish, immature, jejune, nugatory

power, strength; puissant means powerful, strong puissance (noun) pusillanimous (adj.) cowardly, craven remonstrate (verb) to protest, to object having sound judgment; perceptive, wise; like a sage sagacious (adj.) salacious (adj.) lustful, lascivious, bawdy salutary (adj.) remedial, wholesome, causing improvement cheerful, confident, optimistic sanguine (adj.) gloomy, dark, sullen, morose **saturnine** (adj.) sententious (adj.) aphoristic or moralistic; epigrammatic; tending to moralize excessively stentorian (adj.) extremely loud and powerful stygian (adj.) gloomy, dark sycophant (noun) toady, servile, self-seeking flatterer; parasite biased; showing marked tendencies tendentious (adj.) timorous (adj.) timid, fearful, diffident tyro (noun) novice, greenhorn, rank amateur vitiate (verb) to corrupt, to debase, to spoil, to make ineffective

voluble (adj.)

fluent, verbal, having easy use of spoken language